



US006661741B1

12) **United States Patent**
Stottlemeyer

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 6,661,741 B1**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Dec. 9, 2003**

(54) **OPTICAL HYDROPHONE AND ARRAY USING BUBBLE RESONANCE FOR DETECTING ACOUSTIC SIGNALS**

(75) **Inventor:** Thomas R. Stottlemeyer, Mystic, CT (US)

(73) **Assignee:** The United States of America as represented by the Secretary of the Navy, Washington, DC (US)

Notice Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) **Appl. No.:** 10/165,922

(22) **Filed:** Jun. 6, 2002

Int. Cl.: H04R 1/00

(52) **U.S. Cl.** 367/149

(58) **Field of Search** 367/149; 385/12, 385/13; 250/227.14

(56) **References Cited**
U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

2003/0072219 A1 * 4/2003 Ruffa 367/149

* cited by examiner

Primary Examiner—Daniel T. Pihulic

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—James M. Kasischke; Jean-Paul A. Nasser; Michael F. Oglo

(57) **ABSTRACT**

An optical hydrophone described herein includes a housing defining a chamber. The housing is acoustically transparent to acoustic waves at a frequency of interest. An optically transparent material fills the chamber and has air-filled voids defined therein that resonate within the material when an incoming acoustic wave impinges on the material. Light introduced into the material and passed therethrough is affected by the air-filled voids resonating within the material. Light is transmitted to and from the material by optical fibers which are coupled to the material on either side thereof. A plurality of these optical hydrophones can be configured in a linear array through which light is passed. Such linear arrays can be used to measure incoming acoustic signals.

15 Claims, 1 Drawing Sheet

